主题三 人与社会

话题11 人际交往



★社会行为

- 1. Mr(AmE Mr.)先生(用于姓名前)
- 2. Mrs(AmE Mrs.) 夫人,太太(称呼已婚妇
- 女)3. Miss n. 小姐,女士(称呼未婚妇女)

4. sir n. 先生, 阁下5. Ms (AmE Ms.) 女士

6. madam *n*. 夫人, 女士7. host *n*. 男主人; 东道主

8. hostess *n*. 女主人 **9**. hello 你好(表示打招呼,问候或唤起注意)

10. greeting *n*. 问候,招呼11. greet *v*. 和······打招呼;迎接

- 12. manner n. 方法; 方式; (pl.)礼貌; 礼仪
- 13. gift/present n. 赠品;礼物

- 15. polite adj.有礼貌的,有教养的
- 16. introduction n. 介绍17. attend v. 出席; 上(大学等); 照料

18. meet v. 遇见; 开会,集会19. promise n. & vi.答应,允诺

20. secret *n*. 秘密, 内情21. respect *v*. 尊敬; 敬意; 尊重; 重视; 遵守

- 23. behave v. 表现; 举止
- 24.benefit n. 利益 v. 对(某人)有用; 使受益
- 25. recommend v. 推荐

- 26.calm adj.平静的;镇静的;无风的
- 27. experience n. 经验; 经历, 体验

28.remind v. 提醒; 使想起 29. get separated from 跟·····分开

- 31. in silence 安静地
- 32. be patient with 对……有耐心33. make friends with 跟……交朋友

34. change one's life 改变某人的生活35. at least 至少

36. day by day 一天天37. get into the habit of... 养成……的习惯

38. go wrong 出毛病,出错39. try out 试用,尝试

40. no longer 不再41. make progress 取得进步

42. get on with sb. 与……相处43. give back 归还, 送回

44. hang on 等待片刻

- 45. hang up 挂断电话
- 46. hear of 听说, 得知47. hear from 收到······· 的来信

48. knock at 敲(门)49. knock into 撞上某人

50. laugh at 嘲笑51. pay back 偿还(借款等)

★合作与交流

- 1. refuse v. 拒绝,不愿
- 2. attention *n*. 注意, 关心, 关注, 注意力3. share *v*. 分享, 共同使用

4. trust v. 相信,信任,信赖5. excuse n. 借口;辩解 v. 原谅; 宽恕

6. force n. 力量 vt.强制,强加 7. introduce v. 介绍

8. give v. 给; 递给; 付出; 给予 9. help n. & v. 帮助, 帮忙

10. agree v. 同意; 应允 11. helpful adj.有帮助的, 有益的

12. suggestion *n*. 建议13. realize *v*. 领会;认识到;意识到;实现

- 15. communication n. 交际;交往;通讯
- 16. accept v. 接受;接纳 17. invite v. 邀请

18. whatever *conj.*& *pron*.无论什么,不管什么19. praise v. & n. 表扬,赞扬,表彰

20. advise v. 忠告,劝告;建议21. agreement n. 同意,一致;协定,协议

- 23. advice n. 忠告, 劝告; 建议
- 24. cheat v. 骗取, 哄骗; 作弊 25. hug n. & v. 拥抱; 搂抱

26. theirs *pron*.他(或她、它)们的27. partner n. 搭档;同伴

- 28. recognise (AmE recognize) v. 认出; 承认; 辨别出
- 29. teamwork n. 团队合作; 协力

30. chat v. & n. 闲聊;闲谈

- 31. voluntary adj.自愿的,自发的,主动的
- 32. cooperate v. 合作; 协作 33. volunteer v. 义务做; 自愿做 n. 志愿者

34. duty n. 责任; 义务 35. vote v. 投票 n. 选票, 票

36. refuse to do 拒绝做…… 37. regret doing 后悔做……

38. encourage sb. to do 鼓励某人做……39. stop sb.(from) doing sth.阻止某人做某事

40. decide to do sth. 决定做某事41. be angry with sb.生某人的气

42. make mistakes 犯错误43. give up sth./doing sth. 放弃某事(做某事)

44. instead of 而不是45. ask for advice 征求建议

46. apologize to sb.向某人道歉47. offer to do sth.主动提出做某事

48. look down upon 看不起, 轻视



一、语法选择

Once there lived many kinds of animals in a forest. They lived a happy and peaceful life. One day, they were very glad that __1_ crow (乌鸦) came to stay with them.

But before long the crow decided to leave this forest. He said __2__ to a rabbit, "None of you are good enough to be my friend. I __3__ to another forest. I'm sure I can make good friends there." Before the rabbit could say 4 , the crow flew away and soon disappeared.

A month later, the rabbit met the crow on her way to a __5_ home. The crow stood on the road, __6_ tears in his eyes. "How is it going with you? Do you feel happy in your new forest now?" asked the rabbit.

"Not happy at all! In fact, no one seems ___7__ me. I have been to several other forests. However, none of the forests suits(适合)me. And I've made no friends. I wonder ___8__ I can find my good friends."

"You won't find good friends __9_ you change your bad attitude (态度).
You are always too proud, "the rabbit replied.

After hearing this, the crow lowered his head. He __10__ a lesson: the one who can't change his or her bad attitude will never find good friends!

C. the (A)1. A.aB. an (**C**)2. A.pride C. proudly B. proud C. have flown (**B**)3. A.flew B. will fly (B)4. A.nothing B. anything C. everything (C)5. A.friend B. friends C. friend's (A)6. A.with B. from C. through (**C**)7. A.like B. liking C. to like (**B**)8. A. what B. where C. why (C)9. A.because C. unless B. when (**C**)10. A.teaches B. taught C. was taught

二、完形填空

(2021·深圳中考)It started 30 years ago with a squirrel. A few months after I had moved into a downtown 11, my next-door neighbor, Nicole Figaro, knocked, asking for help with a squirrel that had gotten into her flat. I frightened the unexpected 12 away and made a new friend. Soon Nicole was inviting me over for dinner or 13 home-made food at my door. When I went to my beach house, Nicole helped 14_ my mail and water my plants. And when she traveled as a flight attendant, I did the same for her. Wherever she went, she'd 15 to bring me wonderful gifts, but her

smile has been the greatest of all.

In 1997, I had a lovely child and it was Nicole who took care of me and him. Years later, I returned the favour. I helped out when her husband was sick, __16__ her and giving her support. More and more, we drew inspiration from each other.

__17___, the pandemic hit. My husband was out of work and my son couldn't be back to Britain because of the virus. I was __18__ about them. Nicole helped my family to prepare for the pandemic and shared necessities with me. Without her, I couldn't go through __19__ times.

A __20__ might separate our flats and masks can separate the viruses, but nothing is able to separate our hearts.

(B)11. A.house	B. flat	C. street	D. area
(C)12. A.customer	B. host	C. guest	D. enemy
(D)13. A.selling	B. making	C. posting	D. leaving
(C)14. A.look for	B. copy down	C. pick up	D. hold out
(D)15. A.forget	B. keep	C. think	D. remember
(B) 16. A.helping out	B. staying with	C. smiling at	D. depending on
(D) 17. A.Especiall	B. Actually	C. Generally	D. Unluckily
(A)18. A.worried	B. mad	C. nervous	D. serious
(C)19. A.exciting	B. simple	C. difficult	D. good
(B) 20. A.room	B. wall	C. yard	D. garden

三、阅读理解

A

(2023·广东中考模拟)Are you afraid to speak in public? Are you a shy person? If you think you are too shy and want to be a little bit braver, try the following. You can make it.

★Tell people you're shy.

There's no need to hide it. When they get to know you are a shy kid, they'll understand you better. This also helps you feel at ease in talks.

★Smile at everyone.

When you smile, people think you are friendly and easy to talk to. Remember that other people also have such feelings and most people will stay away from an angry-looking face.

★Say something nice about people around you.

If you find it hard to start talks, say something nice about people around you. Think about how great you feel when someone says something nice to you. Doesn't it make you want to keep talking to that person?

★Get your attention elsewhere.

Enjoy the party or the game. Don't waste time worrying about your looks or whether people like you or not. Take one small step at a time. Each time after you say "Hi" or smile at someone for the first time say to yourself "I did it"! Or it could be something bigger, like buying yourself an ice-cream.

Keep trying and you'll never be shy when you talk to others one day.

(A)21.If you want to be a little bit braver, the first thing you should do is to
	•
A.	tell people you're shy
В.	smile at everyone
C.	say something nice about people around you
D.	get your attention elsewhere

(B) 22. When you smile at the people, they will think you are ____.

A. confident B. friendly C. shy D. stubborn

- (C)23.When you can't start talks with others, you may ____ to lead in.
- A. tell a joke B. take one small step at a time
- C. praise people around you D. let them know you're a shy kid
- (C)24. The purpose of the passage is to _____.
- A. ask you to pay attention to other things
- B. ask you to hide your shyness
- C. help the shy people to be brave
- D. help the brave people to be shy

- (D) 25. From the passage we know that _____.
- A. it's necessary to speak in public
- B. people stay away from the ugly-looking people
- C. you should worry whether people like you
- D. four ways can help you overcome shyness

When you and your friends turn to each other to talk about problems or troubles, you give each other advice and help. One important thing of our growth is to make decisions to help our friends and learn to support each other. This requires us to learn what it means to help friends and how to help them in right ways.

The first step toward helping others is to identify that they need help. We all know that difficulties are part of our daily lives. However, sometimes small things can lead to more serious problems that require more help. It's

important to make sure when to help a friend. For example, you may pick up some signs that your friends are not acting like themselves. These signs show they may not be well.

The next step toward helping others is to listen. Paying attention to others while listening is very important throughout our life. When we communicate with others, we need to learn when to speak and when not to. As listeners, we should try to understand what the speakers are feeling or experiencing and try to see things from their perspectives. Listening and paying attention to others when they speak is a sign of respect and a skill that will lead to deeper and better relationships.

- (D) 26. What is the purpose of the passage?
- A. To discuss why people help each other.
- B. To describe the problems of giving help.
- C. To introduce the advantages of giving help.
- D. To explain how we can help others properly.
- (B) 27. What does the underlined word "identify" in Paragraph 2 mean?
- A. Require. B. Discover.
- C. Suggest. D. Remember.

- (A)28. What is the main idea of Paragraph 3?
- A. Act as a good listener to your friends.
- B. Learn how to give advice to your friends.
- C. Pay attention to your friends' unusual acts.
- D. Build good relationships with your friends.

- (A) 29. How many steps does the writer give us?
- A. Two. B. Three. C. One. D. Four.
- (C)30.According to the writer, what should you do if your friends don't follow your advice on their serious problems?
- A. Keep their problems as secrets.
- B. Let them make their own decisions.
- C. Find out the causes of their problems.
- D. Get help from their trusted teachers.

配对阅读。左栏是五条建议,右栏是七个人在人际关系交往中遇到的问题。请根据给出 的每条建议找出适合该建议的人。

(C)31. Hang out with people you would like to have as friends and join in with their plans.

(F)32. Share things with your friends. If you buy an interesting book, read with them and you'll find that you'll get much more fun.

A. Jack always complains(抱怨) about everything and asks his friends for help. Soon his friends are all tired of him.

B. Joy never cares about others' feelings when she is talking.

Once her friend Judy made a mistake, then Joy talked it loudly to others. Judy was angry. She thought Joy laughed at her.

C. Li Lei is too shy and quiet. He always stays alone and never

- ()33. Be a good listener, so that others can tell that you are really interested in what they are saying.
- () 34. Never try to ask about others' private things. Share "safe thoughts" with them first. What is a safe thought? It might be something about school, TV or your favorite football team.
- (A)35. Be a positive person. Talk about the good things in your life. No one wants to be troubled by problems all the time.

- goes out with others. When there is an activity, he seldom takes part in it. He wants to change this.
- D. Gina often borrows things from her friends but never gives back to them. Her friends are angry and don't want to be her friends any longer.
- E. Kate likes to ask others about their personal things. She thinks it is nothing between good friends.
- F. Julie is very mean. She likes candies but whenever she buys some candies, she never gives some to her friends.
- G. Jane is impatient. She always interrupts(打断) her friends when they are talking.

四、短文填空(请从方框内选择适当的词并用其正确形式填空,使文章完整 连贯,注意每空一词,每词仅用一次,有两词为多余项。)

wear but money at what set little idea they much pick on

Jane is a warm-hearted girl. She is only ten years old, 36. <u>but</u> she has big ideas of helping other kids.

Jane took part in a winter camp 37. at the age of eight. During her stay in the camp, she went to visit some kids in poor areas. She felt sad that the kids there didn't have new clothes to 38. wear and toys to play with. After

wear but money at what set little idea they much pick on

she returned home, she kept thinking about 39. what to do to help those kids.

One morning Jane saw some older kids selling lemon juice by the street. They wanted to raise 40. money to help their friends. Then she came up with an 41. idea.

With the help of her mother, Jane 42. <u>set</u> up her first lemonade stand(推档). After a week, it made \$52. Although it was only a 43. <u>little</u> money, she helped 12 kids with it! She felt very excited when she saw smiles on 44. <u>their</u> faces.

wear but money at what set little idea they much pick on

After that, her mother helped her start a program called Jane's Lemonade for Love. Up till now, she has already raised 45. <u>more</u> than \$17, 000! She is going to spend the money on clothes, toys and books for the poor kids.

五、读写综合

A. 回答问题

Many people say playing volleyball is easy. They think as long as one can hit a ball in the air, he can play volleyball. Jimmy used to be one of those people. After practicing with his mother, he was pretty sure that he could join his school team and shock everyone.

However, his dream was broken when he played on the team for the first time. It turned out that though he had learned some skills, he was unable to work with other players. He also couldn't deal with balls coming from different directions. He was upset. Wasn't playing volleyball just about hitting the ball?

He began several weeks of training with the team. Then, they had their first match against Park School. Most of his teammates had no experience of competing. Looking at the Park School's players who had played in many games, Jimmy could already see their failure.

The ball went up. One "thump(捶击)", a second "thump", Jimmy jumped up with a shout. It flew over the net. He was totally caught up in the game,

feeling in harmony(和谐) with his teammates. The sounds of running feet, loud shouts and cheers filled them with warmth. During their break, everyone was tired but excited, talking about their teamwork.

That was when Jimmy realized that being on the school team meant working together with others. He understood working together with others was a kind of beauty in itself.

46. Who did Jimmy practice with before joining the school team?

He practiced with his mother before joining the school team.

47. How did Jimmy feel after playing on the team for the first time?

He felt upset after playing on the team for the first time.

48. How long did Jimmy train with his teammates before their first match?

He trained for several weeks with his teammates before their first match.

49. Which school did Jimmy's school play against?

His school played against Park School.

50. What did Jimmy finally realize being on the school team meant?

He finally realized being on the school team meant working together with others.

B. 书面表达

"单丝不成线,独木不成林。团结协作好,百事能成功。"假设你是李华,你校英文报举办以"One Thing I Did With My Classmates"为题的征文活动,请你写一篇短文投稿。内容包括:

- 1. 你与同学合作做了什么事情;
- 2. 你们是如何分工合作的,结果如何;
- 3. 你的心情和感受。

作文要求:

- 1. 不能照抄原文;不得在作文中出现真实校名、地名和考生的真实姓名;
- 2. 语句连贯, 词数不少于80。

One Thing I Did With My Classmates

Nowadays everyone should learn to work with others. I'll never forget what I did with my classmates.

Last term, there was a play competition in our school. But our class still didn't have a good play three days before the competition. Then I got my classmates together, and we discussed heatedly. To my surprise, some good ideas came up. Then we practiced together in our spare time.

In the end, our class got a good result and we could take part in the final competition.

I was so excited and proud of my classmates. From this experience, I really understood the great power of teamwork. One tree can't make a forest. I'll always remember the importance of working together.