



普通高中教科书

英语

必修

第一册

Unit 1 Back to school

Grammar and usage

Sentence elements

句子是表达思想的基本单位，主要的句子成分（sentence elements）有：

主语（Subject）、谓语（Verb）、宾语（Object）、

定语（Attributive）、状语（Adverbial）、补语（Complement）、

表语（Predicative）、同位语（Appositive）等。

Sentence Elements

主语 (Subject) 句子的主体，是谓语陈述、说明的对象；

谓语动词 (Verb) 谓语表示主语的行为或状态；

宾语 (Object) 表示行为或活动的对象、接受者或影响者；

定语 (Attributive) 修饰、限制名词或代词；

状语 (Adverbial) 说明动作“何时、何地、如何”发生；修饰形容词或副词。

宾语补足语 (Object complement) 补充说明宾语的动作或状态；

表语 (Predicative) 用来说明主语的身份、性质、状况等；

Sentence elements

Subject

主语 ✓ The teacher gave a speech.

Verb

谓语 ✓ Many students join school club.

Object

宾语 ✓ We should develop good study habits.

Complement

补语 ✓ Listening to music makes me relaxed.

Adverbial

状语 ✓ Maggie plans her study carefully.

Predicative

表语 ✓ It's a lovely day.

Attributive

定语 ✓ I went to a large library yesterday.

简单句的五种基本句型

主语 + 谓语 (SV)

主语 + 系动词 + 表语 (SVP)

主语 + 谓语 + 宾语 (SVO)

主语 + 谓语 + 间宾 + 直宾 (SV00)

主语 + 谓语 + 宾语 + 宾补 (SVOC)

On the first day of school, Miss Yan gave a short speech about the importance of setting goals. Pay attention to the underlined sentences and fill in the table below. The first one has been done for you.

Albert Einstein said, “If you want to live a happy life, tie it to a goal.” (1) I agree.
Goals are important in many ways. (2) Setting goals gives you a focus in life. By
setting goals now, you are deciding what you want to achieve in the future. Then you
know where you are going in life and can work hard to get there. Setting goals also
helps you develop good habits. To realize your goals, you need to have a good plan,
manage your time well and pay attention to details. (3) These habits will be helpful.
Finally, (4) setting goals makes you more confident. When you achieve a goal, you
see the result of your hard work and know how much progress you have made. A
goal is a dream that needs action. As a result of your action, your dream will come
true and hopefully (5) you will live a happy life.

Exploring the rules

Subject	Verb		
I	agree.		
Subject	Verb	Predictive	
These habits	will be	helpful.	
Subject	Verb	Object	
You	will have	a happy life.	
Subject	Verb	Indirect object	Direct object
Setting goals	gives	you	a focus in life.
Subject	Verb	Object	Object complement
Setting goals	makes	you	more confident.

Working out the rules

Subject + Verb (SV)

Subject + Verb + Predicative (SVP)

Subject + Verb + Object (SVO)

Subject + Verb + Indirect object + Direct object (SVOO)

Subject + Verb + Object + Object complement (SVOC)

Rule 1: The subject and the verb are necessary parts of a sentence.

S + V + O

➤ I agree.

Subject

Intransitive verb (**vi.**) 不及物动词

➤ You will live a happy life.

Subject

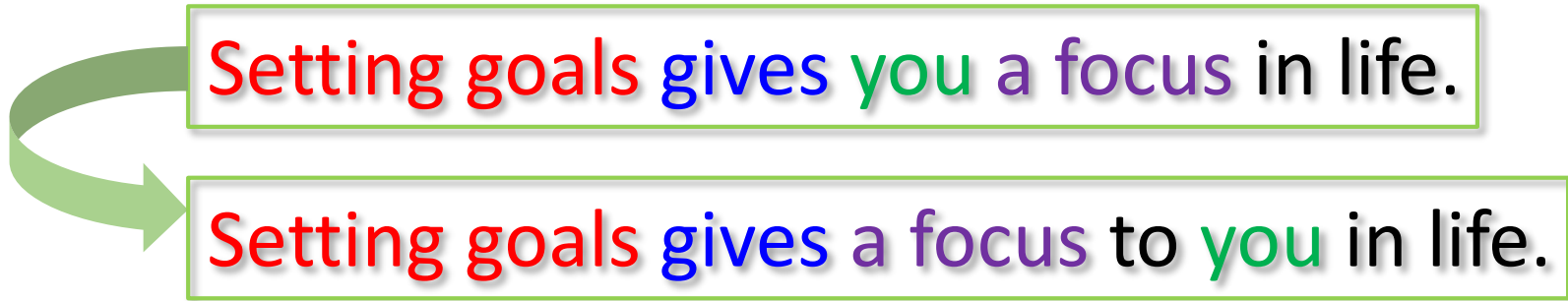
Transitive
verb (**vt.**)
及物动词

Object

Rule 2: A transitive verb is always followed by a(n)
object.

S + V + DO + IO

- Setting goals gives you a focus in life.



Rule 3: Some verbs can have two objects. The indirect object usually refers to **a person** and the direct object **a thing**.

S + V + O + OC

Object complement (OC)
宾语补足语



Setting goals makes you more confident.

Rule 4: The object complement adds more information about the object.

Applying the rules

Mark the different elements of each sentence with different symbols.

Subject:

Verb:

Object:

Predicative:

Object complement:

Adverbial: []

Attributive: ()

Example

You will enjoy (personal) growth [at (high) school].

- 1 You will find senior high school different from junior high school.
- 2 Your schoolwork will be more challenging.
- 3 We will give you more independence.
- 4 You should listen more carefully.
- 5 You can join a club.
- 6 Your teachers will help you in many ways.
- 7 You will succeed!

1. You will find senior high school different from junior high school.
2. Your schoolwork will be more challenging.
3. We will give you more independence.
4. You should listen more carefully.
5. You can join a club.
6. Your teachers will help you in many ways.
7. You will succeed.

a SV

b SVP

c SVO

d SVOO

e SVOC

f SVA

g SVOA

Setting goals is the first step in achieving them. ⁽¹⁾ The tips below may help you. c

Set goals that can be achieved. Don't push yourself to achieve more than what is possible. Instead, you should set goals based on your abilities and skills.

Break big goals into small ones. When you do so, ⁽²⁾ they will seem easier to reach. b You will be proud of yourself when you realize each small goal. ⁽³⁾ This will also give you the encouragement to achieve your long-term goal. d

Write your goals on paper. It is a good idea to put your goals where you can see them. ⁽⁴⁾ You can keep the list on your bedside table. g Or you can stick it on your bedroom wall. This will remind you of what you are working for and keep you focused.

After you set a goal, it is important to stick to it and work hard towards it. ⁽⁵⁾ You may find achieving goals difficult. e But ⁽⁶⁾ you should not give up. a Instead, stay positive and confident. ⁽⁷⁾ You will succeed in the end. f

UNIT 1

Thank you!

